

# Statement of Principles concerning SARCOIDOSIS (Balance of Probabilities) (No. 61 of 2025)

The Repatriation Medical Authority determines the following Statement of Principles under subsection 196B(3) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986*.

Dated 20 June 2025

Professor Terence Campbell AM Chairperson by and on behalf of The Repatriation Medical Authority

### Contents

	1	Name	3
	2	Commencement	
	3	Authority	3
	4	Repeal	3
	5	Application	3
	6	Definitions	3
	7	Kind of injury, disease or death to which this Statement of Principles relates	3
	8	Basis for determining the factors	4
	9	Factors that must exist	4
	10	Relationship to service	4
	11	Factors referring to an injury or disease covered by another Statement of Principles	5
Sche	edule 1	- Dictionary	6
	1	Definitions	6

#### 1 Name

This is the Statement of Principles concerning *sarcoidosis* (Balance of Probabilities) (No. 61 of 2025).

#### 2 Commencement

This instrument commences on 21 July 2025.

#### 3 Authority

This instrument is made under subsection 196B(3) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986*.

#### 4 Repeal

The Statement of Principles concerning sarcoidosis (Balance of Probabilities) (No. 60 of 2016) (Federal Register of Legislation No. F2016L01143) made under subsections 196B(3) and (8) of the VEA is repealed.

#### 5 Application

This instrument applies to a claim to which section 120B of the VEA or section 339 of the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* applies.

#### 6 Definitions

The terms defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary have the meaning given when used in this instrument.

## 7 Kind of injury, disease or death to which this Statement of Principles relates

(1) This Statement of Principles is about sarcoidosis and death from sarcoidosis.

#### Meaning of sarcoidosis

- (2) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, sarcoidosis means a chronic, multisystem disorder characterised in affected organs by an accumulation of T lymphocytes and mononuclear phagocytes, non-caseating epithelioid granulomas, and derangement of the normal tissue architecture.
- (3) While sarcoidosis attracts ICD-10-AM code D86 in applying this Statement of Principles the meaning of sarcoidosis is that given in subsection (2).
- (4) For subsection (3), a reference to an ICD-10-AM code is a reference to the code assigned to a particular kind of injury or disease in *The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health*

Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), Tenth Edition, effective date of 1 July 2017, copyrighted by the Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, ISBN 978-1-76007-296-4.

#### Death from sarcoidosis

(5) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, sarcoidosis, in relation to a person, includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's sarcoidosis.

Note: *terminal event* is defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

#### 8 Basis for determining the factors

On the sound medical-scientific evidence available, the Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that it is more probable than not that sarcoidosis and death from sarcoidosis can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans or members of the Forces under the VEA, or members under the MRCA.

Note: MRCA, relevant service and VEA are defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

#### 9 Factors that must exist

At least one of the following factors must exist before it can be said that, on the balance of probabilities, sarcoidosis or death from sarcoidosis is connected with the circumstances of a person's relevant service:

- (1) taking one of the following medications within the 5 years before clinical onset or clinical worsening;
  - (a) BRAF/MEK inhibitors;
  - (b) immune checkpoint inhibitors;
  - (c) interferons.
  - Note 1: BRAF/MEK inhibitor drugs include dabrafenib, lorlatinib, trametinib, and vemurafenib.
  - Note 2: Immune checkpoint inhibitor drugs include ipilimumab, nivolumab, and pembrolizumab.
  - Note 3: Interferon drugs include interferon alpha, interferon beta, peginterferon alpha, and peginterferon beta.
- (2) having received an organ or tissue transplant, other than a corneal transplant, from a donor with sarcoidosis within the 2 years before clinical onset;
- (3) inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for sarcoidosis before clinical worsening.

#### 10 Relationship to service

(1) The existence in a person of any factor referred to in section 9, must be related to the relevant service rendered by the person.

(2) The clinical worsening aspects of factors set out in section 9 apply only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, sarcoidosis where the person's sarcoidosis was suffered or contracted before or during (but did not arise out of) the person's relevant service.

# 11 Factors referring to an injury or disease covered by another Statement of Principles

In this Statement of Principles:

- (1) if a factor referred to in section 9 applies in relation to a person; and
- (2) that factor refers to an injury or disease in respect of which a Statement of Principles has been determined under subsection 196B(3) of the VEA;

then the factors in that Statement of Principles apply in accordance with the terms of that Statement of Principles as in force from time to time.

## **Schedule 1 - Dictionary**

Note: See Section 6

#### 1 Definitions

In this instrument:

MRCA means the Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004.

#### relevant service means:

- (a) eligible war service (other than operational service) under the VEA;
- (b) defence service (other than hazardous service and British nuclear test defence service) under the VEA; or
- (c) peacetime service under the MRCA.

Note: MRCA and VEA are also defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary.

sarcoidosis—see subsection 7(2).

*terminal event* means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and includes the following:

- (a) pneumonia;
- (b) respiratory failure;
- (c) cardiac arrest;
- (d) circulatory failure; or
- (e) cessation of brain function.

VEA means the Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986.