

Statement of Principles concerning GUNSHOT INJURY (Reasonable Hypothesis) (No. 23 of 2020)

The Repatriation Medical Authority determines the following Statement of Principles under subsection 196B(2) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986*.

Dated 24 April 2020

The Common Seal of the Repatriation Medical Authority was affixed to this instrument at the direction of:

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Professor Nicholas Saunders AO Chairperson

Contents

	1	Name	3
	2	Commencement	3
	3	Authority	3
	4	Repeal	3
	5	Application	3
	6	Definitions	3
	7	Kind of injury, disease or death to which this Statement of Principles relates	3
	8	Basis for determining the factors	3
	9	Factors that must exist	4
	10	Relationship to service	4
	11	Factors referring to an injury or disease covered by another Statement of Principles	.4
Sched	3Authority34Repeal35Application36Definitions37Kind of injury, disease or death to which this Statement of Principles relates38Basis for determining the factors39Factors that must exist.410Relationship to service4		
	1	Definitions	5

1 Name

This is the Statement of Principles concerning *gunshot injury (Reasonable Hypothesis)* (No. 23 of 2020).

2 Commencement

This instrument commences on 25 May 2020.

3 Authority

This instrument is made under subsection 196B(2) of the Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986.

4 Repeal

The Statement of Principles concerning physical injury due to munitions discharge No. 48 of 2012 (Federal Register of Legislation No. F2012L01789) made under subsection 196B(2) of the VEA is repealed.

5 Application

This instrument applies to a claim to which section 120A of the VEA or section 338 of the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* applies.

6 **Definitions**

The terms defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary have the meaning given when used in this instrument.

7 Kind of injury, disease or death to which this Statement of Principles relates

(1) This Statement of Principles is about gunshot injury and death from gunshot injury.

Meaning of gunshot injury

(2) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, gunshot injury means damage to body tissue, organs or bone as a result of a gunshot.

Death from gunshot injury

(3) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, gunshot injury, in relation to a person, includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's gunshot injury.

Note: *terminal event* is defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

8 Basis for determining the factors

The Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that there is sound medical-scientific evidence that indicates that gunshot injury and death from gunshot injury can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans, members of Peacekeeping Forces, or members of the Forces under the VEA, or members under the MRCA.

Note: MRCA, relevant service and VEA are defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary.

9 Factors that must exist

At least one of the following factors must as a minimum exist before it can be said that a reasonable hypothesis has been raised connecting gunshot injury or death from gunshot injury with the circumstances of a person's relevant service:

- (1) experiencing a gunshot;
- (2) inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for gunshot injury.

10 Relationship to service

- (1) The existence in a person of any factor referred to in section 9, must be related to the relevant service rendered by the person.
- (2) The factor set out in subsection 9(2) applies only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, gunshot injury where the person's gunshot injury was suffered or contracted before or during (but did not arise out of) the person's relevant service.

11 Factors referring to an injury or disease covered by another Statement of Principles

In this Statement of Principles:

- (1) if a factor referred to in section 9 applies in relation to a person; and
- (2) that factor refers to an injury or disease in respect of which a Statement of Principles has been determined under subsection 196B(2) of the VEA;

then the factors in that Statement of Principles apply in accordance with the terms of that Statement of Principles as in force from time to time.

Schedule 1 - Dictionary

Note: See Section 6

1 Definitions

In this instrument:

gunshot injury—see subsection 7(2).

MRCA means the Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004.

relevant service means:

- (a) operational service under the VEA;
- (b) peacekeeping service under the VEA;
- (c) hazardous service under the VEA;
- (d) British nuclear test defence service under the VEA;
- (e) warlike service under the MRCA; or
- (f) non-warlike service under the MRCA.

Note: MRCA and VEA are also defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary.

terminal event means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and includes the following:

- (a) pneumonia;
- (b) respiratory failure;
- (c) cardiac arrest;
- (d) circulatory failure; or
- (e) cessation of brain function.

VEA means the Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986.