

Amendment Statement of Principles concerning MIGRAINE (Reasonable Hypothesis) (No. 15 of 2020)

The Repatriation Medical Authority determines the following Amendment Statement of Principles under subsections 196B(2) and (8) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act* 1986.

Dated 28 February 2020

The Common Seal of the Repatriation Medical Authority was affixed to this instrument at the direction of:

Professor Nicholas Saunders AO

Chairperson

Contents

1	Name	3
	Commencement	
	Authority	
	Amendment	

1 Name

This is the Amendment Statement of Principles concerning *migraine* (*Reasonable Hypothesis*) (No. 15 of 2020).

2 Commencement

This instrument commences on 23 March 2020.

3 Authority

This instrument is made under subsections 196B(2) and (8) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986*.

4 Amendment

The Statement of Principles concerning migraine (*Reasonable Hypothesis*) (No. 7 of 2018) (Federal Register of Legislation No. F2018L00012) is amended in the following manner:

Section	Amendment
7(2)	Replace the existing definition in subsection 7(2) with the following:
	For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, migraine:
	 (a) means migraine without aura, migraine with aura (which includes basilar migraine, sporadic hemiplegic migraine and retinal migraine), chronic migraine and vestibular migraine; and (b) excludes familial hemiplegic migraine, abdominal migraine, migrainous infarction, amaurosis fugax, cluster headache, tension-type headache, headache attributable to structural abnormalities or inflammatory disorders of the head and neck, and headache attributable to systemic disease.
	Note: <i>chronic migraine</i> , <i>migraine with aura</i> , <i>migraine without aura</i> and <i>vestibular migraine</i> are defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.
Schedule 1 – Dictionary	Insert the following definitions of "chronic migraine", "ICHD-3", "migraine with aura", "migraine without aura" and "vestibular migraine" in alphabetical order:
	<i>chronic migraine</i> means a neurological disorder meeting the following diagnostic criteria (derived from ICHD-3):
	A. Headache on greater than 14 days per month for
	greater than three months, and fulfilling criteria B and C.

- B. Occurring in a patient who has had at least five attacks of any combination of migraine without aura or migraine with aura.
- C. On greater than seven days per month for more than three months, fulfilling any of the following:
 - 1. criteria C and D for migraine without aura;
 - 2. criteria B and C for migraine with aura; or
 - 3. believed by the patient to be migraine at onset and relieved by a triptan or ergot derivative.
- D. Not better accounted for by another ICHD-3 diagnosis.

Note: *ICHD-3* is also defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

ICHD-3 means the International Headache Society: *International Classification of Headache Disorders*, Third Edition.

migraine with aura means a neurological disorder meeting the following diagnostic criteria (derived from ICHD-3):

- A. At least two attacks fulfilling criteria B and C.
- B. One or more of the following fully reversible aura symptoms:
 - 1. visual;
 - 2. sensory;
 - 3. speech and/or language;
 - 4. motor;
 - 5. brainstem; or
 - 6. retinal.
- C. At least three of the following six characteristics:
 - at least one aura symptom spreads gradually over
 ≥5 minutes;
 - 2. two or more aura symptoms occur in succession;
 - 3. each individual aura symptom lasts between five and 60 minutes. When three symptoms occur during an aura, the acceptable maximal duration is 3 x 60 minutes. Motor symptoms last up to 72 hours:
 - 4. at least one aura symptom is unilateral;
 - 5. at least one aura symptom is positive; or
 - 6. the aura is accompanied, or followed within 60 minutes, by headache.

D. Not better accounted for by another ICHD-3 diagnosis.

Note 1: Migraine with aura is also known as classic or classical migraine and includes migraine with typical aura, migraine with brainstem aura (basilar migraine), sporadic hemiplegic migraine and retinal migraine.

Note 2: *ICHD-3* is also defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

migraine without aura means a neurological disorder meeting the following diagnostic criteria (derived from ICHD-3):

- A. At least five attacks fulfilling criteria B-D.
- B. Headache attacks in adults lasting between four and 72 hours (untreated or unsuccessfully treated) and in persons aged under 18 years, attacks lasting between two and 72 hours.
- C. Headache has at least two of the following four characteristics:
 - 1. unilateral location;
 - 2. pulsating quality;
 - 3. moderate or severe pain intensity; or
 - 4. aggravation by routine physical activity or causing avoidance of routine physical activity.
- D. During headache at least one of the following:
 - 1. nausea and/or vomiting; or
 - 2. photophobia and phonophobia.
- E. Not better accounted for by another ICHD-3 diagnosis.

Note 1: Migraine without aura is also known as common migraine.

Note 2: *ICHD-3* is also defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

vestibular migraine means a neurological disorder meeting the following diagnostic criteria (derived from ICHD-3):

- A. At least five episodes fulfilling criteria C and D.
- B. A current or past history of migraine without aura or migraine with aura.
- C. Vestibular symptoms of moderate or severe intensity, lasting between five minutes and 72 hours with the vestibular symptoms including spontaneous vertigo, positional vertigo, visually-induced vertigo, head motion-induced vertigo, and head motion-induced dizziness with nausea.

- D. At least half of episodes are associated with at least one of the following three migrainous features:
 - 1. headache with at least two of the following four characteristics:
 - a) unilateral location;
 - b) pulsating quality;
 - c) moderate or severe intensity; or
 - d) aggravation by routine physical activity.
 - 2. photophobia and phonophobia; or
 - 3. visual aura.
- E. Not better accounted for by another ICHD-3 diagnosis or by another vestibular disorder.

Note: *ICHD-3* is also defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.