Statement of Principles concerning
STRONGYLOIDIASIS (Balance of Probabilities)
(No. 64 of 2019)

The Repatriation Medical Authority determines the following Statement of Principles under subsection 196B(3) of the Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986.

Dated 21 June 2019

The Common Seal of the
Repatriation Medical Authority
was affixed to this instrument
at the direction of:

[Signature]

Professor Nicholas Saunders AO
Chairperson
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1 Name
This is the Statement of Principles concerning strongyloidiasis (Balance of Probabilities) (No. 64 of 2019).

2 Commencement
This instrument commences on 22 July 2019.

3 Authority
This instrument is made under subsection 196B(3) of the Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986.

4 Repeal
The Statement of Principles concerning strongyloidiasis No. 89 of 2010 (Federal Register of Legislation No. F2010L02845) made under subsection 196B(3) of the VEA is repealed.

5 Application
This instrument applies to a claim to which section 120B of the VEA or section 339 of the Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004 applies.

6 Definitions
The terms defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary have the meaning given when used in this instrument.

7 Kind of injury, disease or death to which this Statement of Principles relates
(1) This Statement of Principles is about strongyloidiasis and death from strongyloidiasis.

Meaning of strongyloidiasis
(2) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, strongyloidiasis means an infection with the parasitic roundworm Strongyloides stercoralis.

Note 1: Strongyloides stercoralis can replicate indefinitely inside the body (autoinfective cycle) without any further contact with contaminated soil, causing a lifelong infection if left untreated.

Note 2: Following infection, in otherwise healthy people, there may be no symptoms, or symptoms and signs may arise at variable times, even up to several decades later. Symptoms may include, but are not limited to, skin lesions, dry cough, breathing difficulties, diarrhoea, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting. People with immunosuppression can develop sudden and severe illnesses, known as strongyloidiasis hyperinfection syndrome and disseminated strongyloidiasis.
(3) While strongyloidiasis attracts ICD-10-AM code B78, in applying this Statement of Principles the meaning of strongyloidiasis is that given in subsection (2).


**Death from strongyloidiasis**

(5) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, strongyloidiasis, in relation to a person, includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's strongyloidiasis.

Note: *terminal event* is defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

8 **Basis for determining the factors**

On the sound medical-scientific evidence available, the Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that it is more probable than not that strongyloidiasis and death from strongyloidiasis can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans or members of the Forces under the VEA, or members under the MRCA.

Note: *MRCA, relevant service* and *VEA* are defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

9 **Factors that must exist**

At least one of the following factors must exist before it can be said that, on the balance of probabilities, strongyloidiasis or death from strongyloidiasis is connected with the circumstances of a person's relevant service:

(1) having cutaneous or mucosal contact with *Strongyloides stercoralis* roundworm larvae before the clinical onset of strongyloidiasis;

Note 1: Contact with *Strongyloides stercoralis* is most likely to occur from ingestion of, or skin contact with, moist soil, sediment or mud contaminated with human or animal faeces, most frequently in warm and damp conditions, where facilities for the hygienic disposal of human waste are minimal.

Note 2: Examples of activities involving contact with contaminated moist soil, sediment or mud contaminated with human or animal faeces include, but are not limited to, walking barefoot, farming, mining and tunnelling.

(2) having a solid organ transplant, where the organ is infected with *Strongyloides stercoralis*, within the one year before the clinical onset of strongyloidiasis;

(3) being in an immunocompromised state as specified at the time of the clinical worsening of strongyloidiasis;

Note: *immunocompromised state as specified* is defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.
(4) having alcohol use disorder at the time of the clinical worsening of strongyloidiasis;

(5) inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for strongyloidiasis.

10 Relationship to service

(1) The existence in a person of any factor referred to in section 9, must be related to the relevant service rendered by the person.

(2) The factors set out in subsections 9(3) to 9(5) apply only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, strongyloidiasis where the person's strongyloidiasis was suffered or contracted before or during (but did not arise out of) the person's relevant service.

11 Factors referring to an injury or disease covered by another Statement of Principles

In this Statement of Principles:

(1) if a factor referred to in section 9 applies in relation to a person; and

(2) that factor refers to an injury or disease in respect of which a Statement of Principles has been determined under subsection 196B(3) of the VEA;

then the factors in that Statement of Principles apply in accordance with the terms of that Statement of Principles as in force from time to time.
Schedule 1 - Dictionary

Note: See Section 6

1 Definitions

In this instrument:

*chronic renal failure* means:

(a) having a glomerular filtration rate of less than 15 mL/min/1.73 m² for a period of at least three months; or
(b) a need for renal replacement therapy (dialysis or transplantation) for treatment of complications of decreased glomerular filtration rate which would otherwise increase the risk of morbidity and mortality; or
(c) undergoing chronic dialysis.

*immunocompromised state as specified* means a condition of substantially lowered immune function, such as would occur in the following conditions or circumstances:

(a) being treated with an immunosuppressive drug;
(b) having a haematological or solid organ malignancy;
(c) having chronic renal failure;
(d) having infection with human immunodeficiency virus;
(e) having severe malnutrition; or
(f) undergoing solid organ, stem cell or bone marrow transplantation.

*chronic renal failure* and *immunosuppressive drug* are also defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary.

*immunosuppressive drug* means a drug or an agent which results in substantial suppression of immune responses.

Note: Examples of an immunosuppressive drug include, but are not limited to:

(a) chemotherapeutic agents used for the treatment of cancer;
(b) corticosteroids, other than inhaled or topical corticosteroids;
(c) drugs used to prevent transplant rejection; and
(d) tumour necrosis factor-α inhibitors.

*MRCA* means the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004.*

*relevant service* means:

(a) eligible war service (other than operational service) under the VEA;
(b) defence service (other than hazardous service and British nuclear test defence service) under the VEA; or
(c) peacetime service under the MRCA.

Note: *MRCA* and *VEA* are also defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary.

*strongyloidiasis* — see subsection 7(2).

*terminal event* means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and includes the following:

(a) pneumonia;
(b) respiratory failure;
(c) cardiac arrest;
(d) circulatory failure; or
(e) cessation of brain function.

VEA means the Veterans’ Entitlements Act 1986.