Statement of Principles concerning
PRESBYOPIA
(Reasonable Hypothesis)
(No. 22 of 2017)

The Repatriation Medical Authority determines the following Statement of Principles under subsection 196B(2) of the Veterans’ Entitlements Act 1986.

Dated 24 February 2017

The Common Seal of the Repatriation Medical Authority was affixed to this instrument at the direction of:

Professor Nicholas Saunders AO
Chairperson
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1 Name
This is the Statement of Principles concerning *presbyopia (Reasonable Hypothesis)* (No. 22 of 2017).

2 Commencement
This instrument commences on 27 March 2017.

3 Authority
This instrument is made under subsection 196B(2) of the *Veterans’ Entitlements Act 1986*.

4 Revocation
The Statement of Principles concerning presbyopia No. 117 of 2007 made under subsection 196B(2) of the VEA is revoked.

5 Application
This instrument applies to a claim to which section 120A of the VEA or section 338 of the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* applies.

6 Definitions
The terms defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary have the meaning given when used in this instrument.

7 Kind of injury, disease or death to which this Statement of Principles relates

(1) This Statement of Principles is about presbyopia and death from presbyopia.

*Meaning of presbyopia*

(2) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, presbyopia means physiologically blurred near vision due to a reduction in the power of accommodation of the lens of the eye.

(3) While presbyopia attracts ICD-10-AM code H52.4, in applying this Statement of Principles the meaning of presbyopia is that given in subsection (2).

**Death from presbyopia**

(5) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, presbyopia, in relation to a person, includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's presbyopia.

Note: terminal event is defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

8 **Basis for determining the factors**

The Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that there is sound medical-scientific evidence that indicates that presbyopia and death from presbyopia can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans, members of Peacekeeping Forces, or members of the Forces under the VEA, or members under the MRCA.

Note: relevant service is defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

9 **Factor that must exist**

The factor that must as a minimum exist before it can be said that a reasonable hypothesis has been raised connecting presbyopia or death from presbyopia with the circumstances of a person's relevant service is inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for presbyopia.

10 **Relationship to service**

The existence in a person of the factor referred to in section 9, applies only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, presbyopia where the person's presbyopia was suffered or contracted before or during (but did not arise out of) the person's relevant service.
Schedule 1 - Dictionary

Note: See Section 6

1 Definitions

In this instrument:


presbyopia—see subsection 7(2).

relevant service means:

(a) operational service under the VEA;
(b) peacekeeping service under the VEA;
(c) hazardous service under the VEA;
(d) British nuclear test defence service under the VEA;
(e) warlike service under the MRCA; or
(f) non-warlike service under the MRCA.

Note: MRCA and VEA are also defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary.

terminal event means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and includes the following:

(a) pneumonia;
(b) respiratory failure;
(c) cardiac arrest;
(d) circulatory failure; or
(e) cessation of brain function.

VEA means the Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986.