## Statement of Principles concerning

# METHAEMOGLOBINAEMIA No. 48 of 2010

for the purposes of the

### Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986 and Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004

#### **Title**

1. This Instrument may be cited as Statement of Principles concerning methaemoglobinaemia No. 48 of 2010.

#### **Determination**

- 2. The Repatriation Medical Authority under subsection **196B(3)** and **(8)** of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the VEA):
  - (a) revokes Instrument No. 285 of 1995 concerning methaemoglobinaemia; and
  - (b) determines in its place this Statement of Principles.

#### Kind of injury, disease or death

- 3. (a) This Statement of Principles is about **methaemoglobinaemia** and **death from methaemoglobinaemia**.
  - (b) of this Statement of Principles, For the purposes "methaemoglobinaemia" means a greater than normal amount of methaemoglobin in the blood as a result of the oxidation of haem iron to the ferric state, making it less able to bind with oxygen and causing clinical manifestations such as cyanosis, headache or fatigue. This definition excludes congenital methaemoglobinaemia.
  - (c) Methaemoglobinaemia attracts ICD-10-AM code D74.8.

(d) In the application of this Statement of Principles, the definition of "methaemoglobinaemia" is that given at paragraph 3(b) above.

#### **Basis for determining the factors**

4. On the sound medical-scientific evidence available, the Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that it is more probable than not that **methaemoglobinaemia** and **death from methaemoglobinaemia** can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans or members of the Forces under the VEA, or members under the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* (the MRCA).

#### Factors that must be related to service

5. Subject to clause 7, at least one of the factors set out in clause 6 must be related to the relevant service rendered by the person.

#### **Factors**

- 6. The factor that must exist before it can be said that, on the balance of probabilities, methaemoglobinaemia or death from methaemoglobinaemia is connected with the circumstances of a person's relevant service is:
  - (a) taking or being treated with a drug that causes oxidation of haemoglobin, within the two days before the clinical onset of methaemoglobinaemia; or
  - (b) inhaling, ingesting or having cutaneous contact with a chemical agent that causes oxidation of haemoglobin, within the two days before the clinical onset of methaemoglobinaemia; or
  - (c) ingesting food or fluid contaminated by excess levels of nitrates or nitrites, within the two days before the clinical onset of methaemoglobinaemia; or
  - (d) being exposed to dialysis fluid contaminated with chloramine or hydrogen peroxide, within the two days before the clinical onset of methaemoglobinaemia; or
  - (e) taking or being treated with a drug that causes oxidation of haemoglobin, within the two days before the clinical worsening of methaemoglobinaemia; or
  - (f) inhaling, ingesting or having cutaneous contact with a chemical agent that causes oxidation of haemoglobin, within the two days before the clinical worsening of methaemoglobinaemia; or

- (g) ingesting food or fluid contaminated by excess levels of nitrates or nitrites, within the two days before the clinical worsening of methaemoglobinaemia; or
- (h) being exposed to dialysis fluid contaminated with chloramine or hydrogen peroxide, within the two days before the clinical worsening of methaemoglobinaemia; or
- (i) inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for methaemoglobinaemia.

#### Factors that apply only to material contribution or aggravation

7. Paragraphs **6(e)** to **6(i)** apply only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, methaemoglobinaemia where the person's methaemoglobinaemia was suffered or contracted before or during (but not arising out of) the person's relevant service.

#### **Inclusion of Statements of Principles**

8. In this Statement of Principles if a relevant factor applies and that factor includes an injury or disease in respect of which there is a Statement of Principles then the factors in that last mentioned Statement of Principles apply in accordance with the terms of that Statement of Principles as in force from time to time

#### Other definitions

**9.** For the purposes of this Statement of Principles:

"death from methaemoglobinaemia" in relation to a person includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's methaemoglobinaemia;

"ICD-10-AM code" means a number assigned to a particular kind of injury or disease in The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), Sixth Edition, effective date of 1 July 2008, copyrighted by the National Centre for Classification in Health, Sydney, NSW, and having ISBN 978 1 74210 016 6;

#### "relevant service" means:

- (a) eligible war service (other than operational service) under the VEA; or
- (b) defence service (other than hazardous service) under the VEA; or

	(c)	peacetime service u			
	"ter inclu	minal event" means des:	the proxim	ate or ultimate	cause of death and
	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	pneumonia; respiratory failure; cardiac arrest; circulatory failure; cessation of brain f			
Appl	lication	1			
10.		s Instrument applies to all matters to which section 120B of the VEA ection 339 of the MRCA applies.			
Date	of effe	ect			
11.	This	Instrument takes effe	ct from 30 J	June 2010.	
				0.	
Date	d this	eighteenth	day of	yune	2010
The (Repa	Commo triation	on Seal of the Medical Authority to this instrument	day of ) ) )	yane	2010