Statement of Principles concerning

METHAEMOGLOBINAEMIA No. 47 of 2010

for the purposes of the

Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986 and Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004

Title

1. This Instrument may be cited as Statement of Principles concerning methaemoglobinaemia No. 47 of 2010.

Determination

- 2. The Repatriation Medical Authority under subsection **196B(2)** and **(8)** of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the VEA):
 - (a) revokes Instrument No. 284 of 1995 concerning methaemoglobinaemia; and
 - (b) determines in its place this Statement of Principles.

Kind of injury, disease or death

- 3. (a) This Statement of Principles is about **methaemoglobinaemia** and **death from methaemoglobinaemia**.
 - (b) the of this Statement of Principles, For purposes "methaemoglobinaemia" means a greater than normal amount of methaemoglobin in the blood as a result of the oxidation of haem iron to the ferric state, making it less able to bind with oxygen and causing clinical manifestations such as cyanosis, headache or fatigue. This definition excludes congenital methaemoglobinaemia.
 - (c) Methaemoglobinaemia attracts ICD-10-AM code D74.8.

(d) In the application of this Statement of Principles, the definition of "methaemoglobinaemia" is that given at paragraph 3(b) above.

Basis for determining the factors

4. The Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that there is sound medical-scientific evidence that indicates that **methaemoglobinaemia** and **death from methaemoglobinaemia** can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans, members of Peacekeeping Forces, or members of the Forces under the VEA, or members under the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* (the MRCA).

Factors that must be related to service

5. Subject to clause 7, at least one of the factors set out in clause 6 must be related to the relevant service rendered by the person.

Factors

- 6. The factor that must as a minimum exist before it can be said that a reasonable hypothesis has been raised connecting methaemoglobinaemia or death from methaemoglobinaemia with the circumstances of a person's relevant service is:
 - (a) taking or being treated with a drug that causes oxidation of haemoglobin, within the two days before the clinical onset of methaemoglobinaemia; or
 - (b) inhaling, ingesting or having cutaneous contact with a chemical agent that causes oxidation of haemoglobin, within the two days before the clinical onset of methaemoglobinaemia; or
 - (c) ingesting food or fluid contaminated by excess levels of nitrates or nitrites, within the two days before the clinical onset of methaemoglobinaemia; or
 - (d) being exposed to dialysis fluid contaminated with chloramine or hydrogen peroxide, within the two days before the clinical onset of methaemoglobinaemia; or
 - (e) taking or being treated with a drug that causes oxidation of haemoglobin, within the two days before the clinical worsening of methaemoglobinaemia; or
 - (f) inhaling, ingesting or having cutaneous contact with a chemical agent that causes oxidation of haemoglobin, within the two days before the clinical worsening of methaemoglobinaemia; or

- (g) ingesting food or fluid contaminated by excess levels of nitrates or nitrites, within the two days before the clinical worsening of methaemoglobinaemia; or
- (h) being exposed to dialysis fluid contaminated with chloramine or hydrogen peroxide, within the two days before the clinical worsening of methaemoglobinaemia; or
- (i) inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for methaemoglobinaemia.

Factors that apply only to material contribution or aggravation

7. Paragraphs **6(e)** to **6(i)** apply only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, methaemoglobinaemia where the person's methaemoglobinaemia was suffered or contracted before or during (but not arising out of) the person's relevant service.

Inclusion of Statements of Principles

8. In this Statement of Principles if a relevant factor applies and that factor includes an injury or disease in respect of which there is a Statement of Principles then the factors in that last mentioned Statement of Principles apply in accordance with the terms of that Statement of Principles as in force from time to time.

Other definitions

- **9.** For the purposes of this Statement of Principles:
 - "death from methaemoglobinaemia" in relation to a person includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's methaemoglobinaemia;
 - "ICD-10-AM code" means a number assigned to a particular kind of injury or disease in The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), Sixth Edition, effective date of 1 July 2008, copyrighted by the National Centre for Classification in Health, Sydney, NSW, and having ISBN 978 1 74210 016 6;

"relevant service" means:

- (a) operational service under the VEA;
- (b) peacekeeping service under the VEA;
- (c) hazardous service under the VEA:
- (d) warlike service under the MRCA; or

	"terminal event" means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and				
	inclu (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	pneumonia;			
Appl	lication	l			
10.		Instrument applies to all matters to which section 120A of the VEA ection 338 of the MRCA applies.			
Date	of effe	ct			
		ct Instrument takes effe	ect from 30 J	June 2010.	
11.				June 2010. June	2010
The CRepa	This d this	Instrument takes effer eighteenth on Seal of the Medical Authority to this instrument		June 2010.	2010