# Statement of Principles concerning

# RELAPSING POLYCHONDRITIS No. 45 of 2008

for the purposes of the

Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986 and Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004

#### **Title**

1. This Instrument may be cited as Statement of Principles concerning relapsing polychondritis No. 45 of 2008.

# **Determination**

- 2. The Repatriation Medical Authority under subsection **196B(2)** and **(8)** of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the VEA):
  - (a) revokes Instrument No. 1 of 1997 concerning relapsing polychondritis; and
  - (b) determines in its place this Statement of Principles.

# Kind of injury, disease or death

- 3. (a) This Statement of Principles is about **relapsing polychondritis** and **death from relapsing polychondritis**.
  - (b) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, "relapsing polychondritis" means an episodic and generally progressive multisystem clinical disorder characterised by recurrent inflammation and destruction of cartilaginous structures and connective tissue throughout the body, predominantly affecting the ears, nose, and laryngotracheobronchial tree.
  - (c) Relapsing polychondritis attracts ICD-10-AM code M94.1.

(d) In the application of this Statement of Principles, the definition of "relapsing polychondritis" is that given at paragraph 3(b) above.

# **Basis for determining the factors**

4. After examining the available sound medical-scientific evidence the Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that there is sound medical-scientific evidence that indicates that the only factor that may be related to the cause of or material contribution to or aggravation of relapsing polychondritis or death from relapsing polychondritis and which can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans, members of Peacekeeping Forces, or members of the Forces under the VEA, or members under the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act* 2004 (the MRCA) is that set out in clause 5.

#### Factors that must be related to service

5. The factor that must as a minimum exist in relation to the circumstances of a person's relevant service causing or materially contributing to or aggravating relapsing polychondritis or death from relapsing polychondritis is inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for relapsing polychondritis.

### Other definitions

- **6.** For the purposes of this Statement of Principles:
  - "death from relapsing polychondritis" in relation to a person includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's relapsing polychondritis;
  - "ICD-10-AM code" means a number assigned to a particular kind of injury or disease in The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), Sixth Edition, effective date of 1 July 2008, copyrighted by the National Centre for Classification in Health, Sydney, NSW, and having ISBN 978 1 74210 016 6;

#### "relevant service" means:

- (a) operational service under the VEA; or
- (b) peacekeeping service under the VEA; or
- (c) hazardous service under the VEA; or
- (d) warlike service under the MRCA; or
- (e) non-warlike service under the MRCA;

		pneumonia; respiratory failure; cardiac arrest; circulatory failure; cessation of brain for			
Appli	cation				
7. This Instrument applies to all matters to which section 120A of the VEA or section 338 of the MRCA applies.					
Date of effect					
8.	This Instrument takes effect from 2 July 2008.				
Dated	this	nineteenth	day of	June	2008
The Common Seal of the Repatriation Medical Authority was affixed to this instrument in the presence of:			) ) )		
KEN DONALD CHAIRPERSON					

"terminal event" means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and

includes: