Statement of Principles concerning

BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA No. 20 of 2008

for the purposes of the

Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986 and Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004

Title

1. This Instrument may be cited as Statement of Principles concerning benign prostatic hyperplasia No. 20 of 2008.

Determination

- 2. The Repatriation Medical Authority under subsection **196B(3)** and **(8)** of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the VEA):
 - (a) revokes Instrument No. 134 of 1995 concerning benign prostatic hypertrophy; and
 - (b) determines in its place this Statement of Principles.

Kind of injury, disease or death

- 3. (a) This Statement of Principles is about benign prostatic hyperplasia and death from benign prostatic hyperplasia.
 - (b) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, "benign prostatic hyperplasia" means a non-malignant enlargement of the prostate resulting from proliferation of both glandular and stromal elements.
 - (c) Benign prostatic hyperplasia attracts ICD-10-AM code N40.
 - (d) In the application of this Statement of Principles, the definition of **"benign prostatic hyperplasia"** is that given at paragraph 3(b) above.

Basis for determining the factors

4. After examining the available sound medical-scientific evidence the Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that it is more probable than not on the sound medical-scientific evidence available, that the only factor that can be related to the cause of or material contribution to or aggravation of benign prostatic hyperplasia or death from benign prostatic hyperplasia and which can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans or members of the Forces under the VEA, or members under the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act* 2004 (the MRCA) is that set out in clause 5.

Factors that must be related to service

5. The factor that must exist before it can be said that, on the balance of probabilities, in relation to the circumstances of a person's relevant service causing or materially contributing to or aggravating **benign prostatic hyperplasia** or **death from benign prostatic hyperplasia** is inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for benign prostatic hyperplasia.

Other definitions

6. For the purposes of this Statement of Principles:

"death from benign prostatic hyperplasia" in relation to a person includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's benign prostatic hyperplasia;

"ICD-10-AM code" means a number assigned to a particular kind of injury or disease in The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), Fifth Edition, effective date of 1 July 2006, copyrighted by the National Centre for Classification in Health, Sydney, NSW, and having ISBN 1 86487 772 3;

"relevant service" means:

- (a) eligible war service (other than operational service) under the VEA; or
- (b) defence service (other than hazardous service) under the VEA; or
- (c) peacetime service under the MRCA;

	(a)	pneumonia;	
	(b)	respiratory failure;	
	(c)	cardiac arrest;	
	(d)	circulatory failure; or	
	(e)	cessation of brain function.	
Appli	ication		
7.	This Instrument applies to all matters to which section 120B of the VEA or section 339 of the MRCA applies.		
Date	of effe	ct	
8.	This Instrument takes effect from 5 March 2008.		
Dated	1 this 2008	twentieth day of Jebruary	
Repat was a	riation	on Seal of the) Medical Authority) to this instrument) ace of:)	
		KEN DONALD	
		CHAIRPERSON	

"terminal event" means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and

includes: