Revocation and Determination

of

Statement of Principles concerning

CHRONIC FATIGUE SYNDROME

Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986

- **1.** The Repatriation Medical Authority under subsection **196B(2)** of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the Act):
 - (a) revokes Instrument No.90 of 1997; and
 - (b) determines in its place the following Statement of Principles.

Kind of injury, disease or death

- 2. (a) This Statement of Principles is about **chronic fatigue syndrome** and **death from chronic fatigue syndrome**.
 - (b) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, "chronic fatigue syndrome" means a syndrome of new or definitive onset characterised by the presence of:
 - (i) persistent or relapsing fatigue as the principal symptom over a period of at least six months that causes significant disruption of usual daily activities; and
 - (ii) post-exertional fatigue; and
 - (iii) neuropsychiatric (cognitive) dysfunction, including newonset impairment of short-term memory and concentration; and
 - (iv) occurring in circumstances in which no alternative diagnosis of the person's fatigue can be achieved by

history, physical or mental examination status, or laboratory investigations.

- (c) Chronic fatigue syndrome attracts ICD-10-AM code R53 or G93.3.
- (d) In the application of this Statement of Principles, the definition of "chronic fatigue syndrome" is that given at para 2(b) above.

Basis for determining the factors

3. The Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that there is sound medical-scientific evidence that indicates that **chronic fatigue syndrome** and **death from chronic fatigue syndrome** can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans, members of Peacekeeping Forces, or members of the Forces.

Factors that must be related to service

4. Subject to clause 6, at least one of the factors set out in clause 5 must be related to any relevant service rendered by the person.

Factors

- 5. The factors that must as a minimum exist before it can be said that a reasonable hypothesis has been raised connecting **chronic fatigue syndrome** or **death from chronic fatigue syndrome** with the circumstances of a person's relevant service are:
 - (a) suffering from symptomatic Epstein-Barr virus infection at the time of the clinical onset of chronic fatigue syndrome; or
 - (b) suffering from Ross River virus infection at the time of the clinical onset of chronic fatigue syndrome; or
 - (c) suffering from *Coxiella burnetti* (Q fever) infection at the time of the clinical onset of chronic fatigue syndrome; or
 - (d) inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for chronic fatigue syndrome.

Factors that apply only to material contribution or aggravation

Paragraph **5(d)** applies only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, chronic fatigue syndrome where the person's chronic fatigue syndrome was suffered or contracted before or during (but not arising out of) the person's relevant service; paragraph 8(1)(e), 9(1)(e), 70(5)(d) or 70(5A)(d) of the Act refers.

Inclusion of Statements of Principles

7. In this Statement of Principles if a relevant factor applies and that factor includes an injury or disease in respect of which there is a Statement of Principles then the factors in that last mentioned Statement of Principles apply in accordance with the terms of that Statement of Principles.

Other definitions

- **8.** For the purposes of this Statement of Principles:
 - "Coxiella burnetti (Q fever) infection" means a clinical illness compatible with Q fever accompanied by serological evidence of recently acquired Coxiella burnetti infection;
 - "death from chronic fatigue syndrome" in relation to a person includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's chronic fatigue syndrome;
 - "ICD-10-AM code" means a number assigned to a particular kind of injury or disease in The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), Third Edition, effective date of 1 July 2002, copyrighted by the National Centre for Classification in Health, Sydney, NSW, and having ISBN 1 86487 413 9;

"relevant service" means:

- (a) operational service; or
- (b) peacekeeping service; or
- (c) hazardous service:

"Ross River virus infection" means a clinical illness compatible with Ross River fever accompanied by serological evidence of recently acquired Ross River virus infection;

"terminal event" means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and includes:

- (a) pneumonia;
- (b) respiratory failure;
- (c) cardiac arrest;
- (d) circulatory failure; or
- (e) cessation of brain function.

Application

9. This Instrument applies to all matters to which section 120A of the Act applied.

Dated this	Twenty-nint	h day of	May	2003
The Common Seal of the)		
Repatriation	Medical Authority)		
was affixed	to this instrument)		
in the presen	nce of:)		
	KEN	DONALD		
	СН	AIRMAN		