#### **Revocation and Determination**

of

# Statement of Principles concerning

### **TINNITUS**

ICD-10-AM CODE: H93.1

#### Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986

- **1.** The Repatriation Medical Authority under subsection **196B(3)** of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the Act):
  - (a) revokes Instrument No.8 of 2001; and
  - (b) determines in its place the following Statement of Principles.

#### Kind of injury, disease or death

- 2. (a) This Statement of Principles is about **tinnitus** and **death from tinnitus**.
  - (b) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, "tinnitus" means a persistent perception of endogenous noise heard in the ear, attracting ICD-10-AM code H93.1

#### Basis for determining the factors

3. On the sound medical-scientific evidence available, the Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that it is more probable than not that **tinnitus and death from tinnitus** can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans or members of the Forces.

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#### Factors that must be related to service

**4.** Subject to clause 6, at least one of the factors set out in clause 5 must be related to any relevant service rendered by the person.

#### **Factors**

- 5. The factors that must exist before it can be said that, on the balance of probabilities, **tinnitus** or **death from tinnitus** are connected with the circumstances of a person's relevant service are:
  - (a) being exposed to an impulsive noise of at least 140 dBA without adequate ear protection within the 48 hours immediately before the clinical onset of tinnitus; or
  - (b) being exposed to noise of at least 85 dBA as an 8-hour time-weighted average (TWA) with a 3-dB exchange rate without adequate ear protection for one year immediately before the clinical onset of tinnitus; or
  - (c) suffering trauma to the auditory apparatus at the time of the clinical onset of tinnitus; or
  - (d) suffering from sensorineural hearing loss at the time of the clinical onset of tinnitus; or
  - (e) undergoing a course of treatment with an ototoxic drug from the specified list within the year immediately before the clinical onset of tinnitus; or
  - (f) undergoing a course of treatment with salicylate or quinine derivatives, for a condition for which the drug cannot be ceased or substituted, at the time of the clinical onset of tinnitus; or
  - (g) suffering from a source of vascular sound proximal to the affected ear at the time of the clinical onset of tinnitus; or
  - (h) suffering from an intracranial neoplasm at the time of the clinical onset of tinnitus; or
  - (j) suffering from otosclerosis at the time of the clinical onset of tinnitus; or
  - (k) suffering from Meniere's disease at the time of the clinical onset of tinnitus; or

- (m) suffering at least one episode of otitic barotrauma within the 30 days immediately before the clinical onset of tinnitus; or
- (n) being exposed to an impulsive noise of at least 140 dBA without adequate ear protection within the 48 hours immediately before the clinical worsening of tinnitus; or
- (o) being exposed to noise greater than 85 dBA as an 8-hour time-weighted average (TWA) with a 3-dB exchange rate without adequate ear protection for one year immediately before the clinical worsening of tinnitus; or
- (p) suffering trauma to the auditory apparatus at the time of the clinical worsening of tinnitus; or
- (q) suffering from sensorineural hearing loss at the time of the clinical worsening of tinnitus; or
- (r) undergoing a course of treatment with an ototoxic drug from the specified list within the year immediately before the clinical worsening of tinnitus; or
- (s) undergoing a course of treatment with salicylate or quinine derivatives, for a condition for which the drug cannot be ceased or substituted, at the time of the clinical worsening of tinnitus; or
- (t) suffering from a source of vascular sound proximal to the affected ear at the time of the clinical worsening of tinnitus; or
- (u) suffering from an intracranial neoplasm at the time of the clinical worsening of tinnitus; or
- (v) suffering from otosclerosis at the time of the clinical worsening of tinnitus; or
- (w) suffering from Meniere's disease at the time of the clinical worsening of tinnitus; or
- (x) suffering at least one episode of otitic barotrauma within the 30 days immediately before the clinical worsening of tinnitus; or
- (y) inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for the tinnitus.

#### Factors that apply only to material contribution or aggravation

6. Paragraphs **5(n)** to **5(y)** apply only to material contribution to, or aggravation of tinnitus where the person's tinnitus was suffered or contracted before or during (but not arising out of) the person's relevant service; paragraph 8(1)(e), 9(1)(e) or 70(5)(d) of the Act refers.

#### **Inclusion of Statements of Principles**

7. In this Statement of Principles if a relevant factor applies and that factor includes an injury or disease in respect of which there is a Statement of Principles then the factors in that last mentioned Statement of Principles apply in accordance with the terms of that Statement of Principles.

#### Other definitions

**8.** For the purposes of this Statement of Principles:

"adequate ear protection" means a device which plugs the outer ear canal or which covers the outside of the ear so as to protect the wearer from harmful noise;

"an ototoxic drug from the specified list" means one of the following:

- (a)  $\alpha$ -difluromethylornithine;
- (b) 6-amino nicotinamide;
- (c) Amikacin;
- (d) Bumetanide;
- (e) Cisplatin;
- (f) Erythromycin;
- (g) Ethacrynic acid;
- (h) Frusemide;
- (i) Gentamicin:
- (i) Kanamycin;
- (k) Misonidazole:
- (1) Neomycin;
- (m) Netilmicin;
- (n) Nitrogen Mustard;
- (o) Streptomycin;
- (p) Tobramycin;
- (q) Vancomycin;
- (r) Vinblastine;
- (s) Vincristine; or
- (t) Viomycin;

#### "a source of vascular sound" means one of the following:

- (a) acquired arteriovenous fistulae;
- (b) benign intracranial hypertension;
- (c) carotid occlusion;
- (d) carotid stenosis;
- (e) cerebral atherosclerosis:
- (f) glomus jugulare tumour;
- (g) intracranial aneurysm; or
- (h) Paget's disease of the skull;

"death from tinnitus" in relation to a person includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's tinnitus;

"ICD-10-AM code" means a number assigned to a particular kind of injury or disease in The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), Second Edition, effective date of 1 July 2000, copyrighted by the National Centre for Classification in Health, Sydney, NSW, and having ISBN 1 86487 271 3;

"impulsive noise" means noise which is characterised by a sharp rise and a rapid decay in sound levels and is less than one second in duration;

**"intracranial neoplasm"** means a neoplasm affecting the brain, meninges, skull or cranial nerves;

"Meniere's disease" means a clinical condition characterised by fluctuating hearing loss, tinnitus, a sense of fullness in the involved ear associated with recurring attacks of rotational vertigo of sudden onset, often associated with nausea and vomiting;

"otosclerosis" means a primary disorder of the labyrinthine capsule, characterised by new bone formation commonly involving the footplate of the stapes;

#### "relevant service" means:

- (a) eligible war service (other than operational service); or
- (b) defence service (other than hazardous service);

"sensorineural hearing loss" means a permanent hearing threshold shift of 25 decibels (dB) or more, at 500, 1000, 1500, 2000, 3000 or 4000

hertz (Hz) due to a defect in the cochlea or the auditory nerve, but excluding congenital deafness;

"terminal event" means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and includes:

- (a) pneumonia;
- (b) respiratory failure;
- (c) cardiac arrest;
- (d) circulatory failure; or
- (e) cessation of brain function;

"trauma to the auditory apparatus" means injury to the tympanic membrane, ear ossicles, cochlea or acoustic nerve caused by trauma to the head;

"time-weighted average (TWA) with 3-dB exchange rate" means the time-weighted average noise exposure level calculated according to the following formulae and shown in the table:

$$TWA = 10.0 \times Log(D/100) + 85$$
 where D = daily dose; and

$$D = [ \ C_1/T_1 + C_2/T_2 + \ldots + C_n/T_n ] \times 100$$
 where  $C_n =$  total time of exposure at a specified noise level,  $T_n =$  exposure duration for which noise at this level becomes hazardous

# <u>Table of noise exposure levels and</u> durations based on 3-dBA exchange rate

durations based on 3-dbA exchange rate										
	Duration, T				Duration, T					
Exposure				Exposure						
Level, L				Level, $L$						
(dBA)	Hours	Minutes	Seconds	(dBA)	Hours	Minutes	Seconds			
80	25	24		106		3	45			
81	20	10		107	_	2	59			
82	16			108	_	2	22			
83	12	42		109	_	1	53			
84	10	5		110	_	1	29			
85	8			111		1	11			
86	6	21		112			56			
87	5	2		113	_	_	45			
88	4			114			35			
89	3	10		115			28			
90	2	31		116			22			
91	2			117			18			
92	1	35		118			14			
93	1	16		119			11			
94	1			120			9			
95	_	47	37	121			7			
96		37	48	122			6			
97		30	_	123	_	_	4			
98		23	49	124			3			
99		18	59	125	_		3			
100		15	_	126	_	_	2			
101		11	54	127			1			
102		9	27	128			1			
103	_	7	30	129		_	1			
104		5	57	130-140			<1			
105		4	43	_						

Source: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health 1998 Guidelines

Publication No. 98-126

## **Application**

**9.** This Instrument applies to all matters to which section 120B of the Act applies.

Dated this	First	day of	May	2001			
The Commo	on Seal of the	)					
Repatriation	Medical Aut	)					
was affixed	to this instrur	)					
in the preser	nce of:		)				
-	KEN DONALD						
		CH	AIRMAN				