Revocation and Determination

of

Statement of Principles concerning

MALIGNANT NEOPLASM OF THE GALLBLADDER

ICD-9-CM CODE: 156.0

Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986

- 1. The Repatriation Medical Authority under subsection **196B(2)** of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the Act):
 - (a) revokes Instrument No.31 of 1995 (Statement of Principles concerning malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder); and
 - (b) determines in its place the following Statement of Principles.

Kind of injury, disease or death

- 2. (a) This Statement of Principles is about malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder and death from malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder.
 - (b) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles:

"malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder" means a primary malignant neoplasm arising in the gallbladder, attracting ICD-9-CM code 156.0, but excluding soft tissue sarcoma, non-Hodgkin's lymphoma and Hodgkin's disease.

Basis for determining the factors

3. The Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that there is sound medical-scientific evidence that indicates that **malignant neoplasm of**

the gallbladder and death from malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans, members of Peacekeeping Forces, or members of the Forces.

Factors that must be related to service

4. Subject to clause 6, at least one of the factors set out in clause 5 must be related to any relevant service rendered by the person.

Factors

- 5. The factors that must as a minimum exist before it can be said that a reasonable hypothesis has been raised connecting malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder or death from malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder with the circumstances of a person's relevant service are:
 - (a) suffering from calculus of the gallbladder before the clinical onset of malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder; or
 - (b) suffering from a chronic typhoid carrier state before the clinical onset of malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder; or
 - (c) suffering from sclerosing cholangitis before the clinical onset of malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder; or
 - (d) suffering from ulcerative colitis before the clinical onset of malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder; or
 - (e) having had an intravascular injection of thorotrast before the clinical onset of malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder; or
 - (f) inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder.

Factors that apply only to material contribution or aggravation

Paragraph **5(f)** applies only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder where the person's malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder was suffered or contracted before or during (but not arising out of) the person's relevant service; paragraph 8(1)(e), 9(1)(e), 70(5)(d) or 70(5A)(d) of the Act refers.

Inclusion of Statements of Principles

7. In this Statement of Principles if a relevant factor applies and that factor includes an injury or disease in respect of which there is a Statement of Principles then the factors in that last mentioned Statement of Principles apply in accordance with the terms of that Statement of Principles.

Other definitions

8. For the purposes of this Statement of Principles:

"chronic typhoid carrier state" means harbouring typhoid bacilli, as determined by examination of at least two specimens of stool taken no less than 24 hours apart, in a person who has not shown clinical evidence of typhoid fever within the 12 months preceding the diagnosis of chronic typhoid carrier state;

"death from malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder" in relation to a person includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's malignant neoplasm of the gallbladder;

"ICD-9-CM code" means a number assigned to a particular kind of injury or disease in the Australian Version of The International Classification of Diseases, 9th revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM), effective date of 1 July 1996, copyrighted by the National Coding Centre, Faculty of Health Sciences, University of Sydney, NSW, and having ISBN 0 642 24447 2:

"relevant service" means:

- (a) operational service; or
- (b) peacekeeping service; or
- (c) hazardous service:

"sclerosing cholangitis" means a disorder characterised by a progressive, inflammatory, sclerosing and obliterative process in the bile ducts;

"terminal event" means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and includes:

- a) pneumonia;
- b) respiratory failure;
- c) cardiac arrest:
- d) circulatory failure; or
- e) cessation of brain function;

"thorotrast" means a contrast medium formerly used in radiography, which contained thorium dioxide, a radioactive emitter;

"ulcerative colitis" means a chronic inflammatory bowel disease which primarily affects the large bowel.

Application

9. This Instrument applies to all matters to which section 120A of the Act applies.

Dated this	Twenty-sevent	day of	April	1999
The Common Seal of the)		
Repatriation	Medical Authority)		
was affixed t	to this instrument)		
in the presence of)		
	KEN	N DONALD		
	CF	IAIRMAN		