Revocation and Determination

of

Statement of Principles

concerning

MALIGNANT NEOPLASM OF THE ORAL CAVITY OR HYPOPHARYNX

ICD CODES: 140.3, 140.4, 140.5, 141, 143, 144, 145, 146, 148

Veterans’ Entitlements Act 1986

1. The Repatriation Medical Authority under subsection 196B(2) of the Veterans’ Entitlements Act 1986 (the Act):

   (a) revokes Instrument No.338 of 1995, and Instrument No.386 of 1995; and

   (b) determines the following Statement of Principles.

Kind of injury, disease or death

2. (a) This Statement of Principles is about malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity or hypopharynx and death from malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity or hypopharynx.

(b) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, “malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity or hypopharynx” means a primary malignancy of the mucosa of the oral cavity, oropharynx, or hypopharynx which is the region that extends posteriorly from the lips (excluding the vermillion border and the skin of the lips) to the upper border of the larynx and oesophagus, and which includes the gums, the floor of the mouth, the buccal mucosa, the alveolar ridge, the hard and soft palate, and the tongue, but excluding malignant neoplasm of the minor salivary glands, attracting ICD code 140.3, 140.4, 140.5, 141, 143, 144, 145, 146 or 148.
Basis for determining the factors

3. The Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that there is sound medical-scientific evidence that indicates that malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity or hypopharynx can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans, members of Peacekeeping Forces, or members of the Forces.

Factors that must be related to service

4. Subject to clause 6, the factors set out in at least one of the paragraphs in clause 5 must be related to any relevant service rendered by the person.

Factors

5. The factors that must as a minimum exist before it can be said that a reasonable hypothesis has been raised connecting malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity or hypopharynx or death from malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity or hypopharynx with the circumstances of a person’s relevant service are:

(a) smoking:

(i) five to ten cigarettes per day or the equivalent thereof in other tobacco products, for at least ten years, before the clinical onset of malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity or hypopharynx and where smoking has ceased, the clinical onset has occurred within 15 years of cessation; or

(ii) smoking more than ten cigarettes per day or the equivalent thereof in other tobacco products, for at least five years, before the clinical onset of malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity or hypopharynx and where smoking has ceased, the clinical onset has occurred within 15 years of cessation; or

(b) for malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity only, the regular oral use of smokeless tobacco and similar products for at least five years before the clinical onset of malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity and, where oral use of these products has ceased, the clinical onset has occurred within 15 years of cessation; or

(c) drinking at least 250 kilograms of alcohol (contained within alcoholic drinks) before the clinical onset of malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity or hypopharynx; or

(d) inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity or hypopharynx.
Factors that apply only to material contribution or aggravation

6. Paragraph 5(d) applies only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity or hypopharynx where the person’s malignant neoplasm of the oral cavity or hypopharynx was suffered or contracted before or during (but not arising out of) the person’s relevant service; paragraph 8(1)(e), 9(1)(e), 70(5)(d) or 70(5A)(d) of the Act refers.

Other definitions

7. For the purposes of this Statement of Principles:

“alcohol (contained within alcoholic drinks)” is measured by the alcohol consumption calculations utilising the Australian Standard of 10 grams of alcohol per standard alcoholic drink;

“ICD code” means a number assigned to a particular kind of injury or disease in the Australian Version of The International Classification of Diseases, 9th revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM), effective date of 1 July 1996, copyrighted by the National Coding Centre, Faculty of Health Sciences, University of Sydney, NSW, and having ISBN 0 642 24447 2;

“relevant service” means:

(a) operational service; or
(b) peacekeeping service; or
(c) hazardous service;

“smokeless tobacco and similar products” means chewing tobacco, snuff, betel nut, other tobacco chews and powders including khaini, pan or nass.

Application

8. This Instrument applies to all matters to which section 120A of the Act applies.
Dated this Sixteenth day of August 1996

The Common Seal of the Repatriation Medical Authority was affixed to this instrument in the presence of:

KEN DONALD
CHAIRMAN